SDG Indicator Framework on Gender

"We know now that without gender equality and a full role for women in society, in the economy, in governance, we will not be able to achieve the world we hoped for."

United Nations Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN-Women)

The development of the gender framework entailed a thorough assessment of SDG indicators and their metadata, taking into account the regional context to capture all SDG indicators that are gender-sensitive and disaggregated by sex. The assessment revealed 94 mentions of the words "sex", "gender", "women" or "girls" in the identified indicators and their targets. The SDG Indicator Framework on Gender includes 108 indicators distributed over 15 Goals.

SDG Indicator Framework on Gender

Goal		Gender-related indicators
1 ^{NO} ₽0verty / * * * * *	 1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions 	 1.1.1 Proportion of the population living below the international poverty line by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural) 1.2.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, by sex and age 1.2.2 Proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions
	1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Proportion of population covered by social protection floors/systems, by sex, distinguishing children, unemployed persons, older persons, persons with disabilities, pregnant women, newborns, work-injury victims and the poor and the vulnerable
	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance	1.4.1 Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services 1.4.2 Proportion of total adult population with secure tenure rights to land, (a) with legally recognized documentation, and (b) who perceive their rights to land as secure, by sex and by type of tenure
	 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters 1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to 	 1.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population* 1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection)

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to	
2 ZERO HUNGER	end poverty in all its dimensions 1.b Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender- sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions 2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the	 1.b.1 Pro-poor public social spending 2.1.1 Prevalence of undernourishment 2.1.2 Prevalence of moderate or severe food
<u> </u>	poor and people in vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	insecurity in the population, based on the Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES)
	2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	 2.2.1 Prevalence of stunting (height for age <-2 standard deviation from the median of the World Health Organization (WHO) Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age 2.2.2 Prevalence of malnutrition (weight for height >+2 or <-2 standard deviation from the median of the WHO Child Growth Standards) among children under 5 years of age, by type (wasting and overweight) 2.2.3 Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15 to
	2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, Indigenous Peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	 2.2.3 Prevalence of anaemia in women aged 15 to 49 years, by pregnancy status (percentage) 2.3.2 Average income of small-scale food producers, by sex and Indigenous status
3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING	 addition and non-farm employment 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births 3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aimingto reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births 	 3.1.1 Maternal mortality ratio 3.1.2 Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel 3.2.1 Under-5 mortality rate 3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate
	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population, by sex, age and key populations

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	tropical diseases and combat hepatitis,	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 100,000
	water-borne	population
	diseases and other communicable	3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population
	diseases	3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000
		population
		3.3.5 Number of people requiring interventions against neglected tropical diseases
	3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third	3.4.1 Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular
	premature mortality from non-	disease, cancer, diabetes or chronic respiratory
	communicable diseases through	disease
	prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate
	3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	3.5.1 Coverage of treatment interventions (pharmacological, psychosocial and rehabilitation and aftercare services) for substance use disorders
		3.5.2 Alcohol per capita consumption (aged 15 years and older) within a calendar year in litres of pure alcohol
	3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	3.6.1 Death rate due to road traffic injuries
	3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning,	3.7.1 Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods
	information and education, and the	3.7.2 Adolescent birth rate (aged 10-14 years,
	integration of reproductive health into	aged 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age
	national strategies and programmes	group
	3.8 Achieve universal health coverage,	3.8.1 Coverage of essential health services
	including financial risk protection,	3.8.2 Proportion of population with large
	access to quality essential health-care	household expenditures on health as a share of
	services and access to safe, effective,	total household expenditure or income
	quality and affordable essential	
	medicines and vaccines for all	2.0.4 Mentality mate attack to due to exclude the
	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to household and ambient air pollution
	hazardous chemicals and air, water and	3.9.2 Mortality rate attributed to unsafe water,
	soil pollution and contamination	unsafe sanitation and lack of hygiene (exposure to unsafe Water, Sanitation and Hygiene for All (WASH) services)
		3.9.3 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning
	3.a Strengthen the implementation of	3.a.1 Age-standardized prevalence of current
	the World Health Organization	tobacco use among persons aged 15 years and
	Framework Convention on Tobacco	older
	Control in all countries, as appropriate	2 h 4 Despertise of the transfer of the
	3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-	3.b.1 Proportion of the target population covered by all vaccines included in their national programme
	communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide	

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	access to affordable essential medicines	
	and vaccines, in accordance with the	
	Doha Declaration on the TRIPS	
	Agreement and Public Health, which	
	affirms the right of developing countries	
	to use to the full the provisions in the	
	Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of	
	Intellectual Property Rights regarding	
	flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to	
	medicines for all	
	3.c Substantially increase health	3.c.1 Health worker density and distribution
	financing and the recruitment,	offer reality worker actionly and doct ballon
	development, training and retention of	
	the health workforce in developing	
	countries, especially in least developed	
	countries and small island developing	
	States	
4 QUALITY EDUCATION	4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and	4.1.1 Proportion of children and young people (a)
EDUCATION	boys complete free, equitable and	in grades 2/3, (b) at the end of primary and (c) at
	quality primary and secondary	the end of lower secondary achieving at least a
	education leading to relevant and	minimum proficiency level in (i) reading and (ii)
	effective learning outcomes	mathematics, by sex
		4.1.2 Completion rate (primary education, lower
	4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and	secondary education, upper secondary education) 4.2.1 Proportion of children aged 24-59 months
	boys have access to quality early	who are developmentally on track in health,
	childhooddevelopment, care and pre-	learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex
	primary education so that they are	4.2.2 Participation rate in organized learning (one
	ready for primary education	year before the official primary entry age), by sex
	4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all	4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in
	women and men to affordable and	formal and non-formal education and training in
	quality technical, vocational and tertiary	the previous 12 months, by sex
	education, including university	
	4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the	4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with
	number of youth and adults who have	information and communicationstechnology (ICT)
	relevant skills, including technical and	skills, by type of skill
	vocational skills, for employment,	
	decent jobs and entrepreneurship	A E A Devit in discont for each device a sold where
	4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure	4.5.1 Parity indices (female/male, rural/urban,
	equal access to all levels of education	bottom/top wealth quintile and others such as disability status, Indigenous Peoples and conflict-
	and vocational training for the	affected, as data become available) for all
	vulnerable, including persons with	education indicators on this list that can be
	disabilities, Indigenous Peoples and	disaggregated
	children in vulnerable situations	0150881 c 801c 0
	4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a	4.6.1 Proportion of population in a given age
	substantial proportion of adults, both	group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency
	men and women, achieve literacy and	in functional (a) literacy and (b) numeracy skills,
	numeracy	by sex

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development	4.7.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in: (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment ^{***}
	4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non- violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all	4.a.1 Proportion of schools offering basic services, by type of service
	4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States	4.c.1 Proportion of teachers with the minimum required qualifications, by education level
5 GENDER EQUALITY	5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.1.1 Whether or not legal frameworks are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non-discrimination on the basis of sex
Ţ	5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	 5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age 5.2.2 Proportion of women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to sexual violence by persons other than an intimate partner in the previous 12
	5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	months, by age and place of occurrence 5.3.1 Proportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union before age 15 and before age 18 5.3.2 Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone female genital
	5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	mutilation/cutting, by age 5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work, by sex, age and location
	5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in (a) national parliaments and (b) local governments

Goal	Gender-related indicators		
	for leadership at all levels of decision- making in political, economic and public life	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions	
	5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of	5.6.1 Proportion of women aged 15-49 years who make their own informed decisions regarding sexual relations, contraceptive use and reproductive health care	
	Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	5.6.2 Number of countries with laws and regulations that guarantee full and equal access to women and men aged 15 years and older to sexual and reproductive health care, information and education	
	5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with	5.a.1 (a) Proportion of total agricultural population with ownership or secure rights over agricultural land, by sex; and (b) share of women among owners or rights-bearers of agricultural land, by type of tenure 5.a.2 Proportion of countries where the legal	
	national laws	framework (including customary law) guarantees women's equal rights to land ownership and/or control	
	5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women	5.b.1 Proportion of individuals who own a mobile telephone, by sex	
	5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	5.c.1 Proportion of countries with systems to track and make public allocations for gender equality and women's empowerment	
6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION	6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable accessto safe and affordable drinking water for all	6.1.1 Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services	
Ŷ	6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	6.2.1 Proportion of population using (a) safely managed sanitation services and (b) a hand-washing facility with soap and water	
	7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.1 Proportion of population with access to electricity7.1.2 Proportion of population with primary reliance on clean fuels and technology	
8 ECONOMIC GROWTH	8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small and medium-sized enterprises,	8.3.1 Proportion of informal employment in total employment, by sector and sex	

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	including through access to financial	
	services	
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive	8.5.1 Average hourly earnings of female and male
	employment and decent work for all	employees, by occupation, age and persons with
	women and men, including for young	disabilities
	people and persons with disabilities,	8.5.2 Unemployment rate, by sex, age and
	and equal pay for work of equal value	persons with disabilities
	8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the	8.6.1 Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not
	proportion of youth not in employment,	in education, employment or training
	education or training	
	8.7 Take immediate and effective	8.7.1 Proportion and number of children aged
	measures to eradicate forced labour,	5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age
	end modern slavery and human	
	trafficking and secure the prohibition	
	and elimination of the worst forms of	
	child labour, including recruitment and	
	use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end	
	child labour in all its forms	
	8.8 Protect labour rights and promote	8.8.1 Fatal and non-fatal occupational injuries per
	safe and secure working environments	100,000 workers, by sex and migrant status
	for all workers, including migrant	8.8.2 Level of national compliance with labour
	workers, in particular women migrants,	rights (freedom of association and collective
	and those in precarious employment	bargaining) based on International Labour
		Organization (ILO) textual sources and national
		legislation, by sex and migrant status
	8.10 Strengthen the capacity of	8.10.2 Proportion of adults (15 years and older)
	domestic financial institutions to	with an account at a bank or other financial
	encourage and expand access to	institution or with a mobile-money-service
	banking, insurance and financial	provider
	services for all	
9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion
J AND INFRASTRUCTURE	industrialization and, by 2030,	of total employment
	significantly raise industry's share of	
	employment and gross domestic	
	product, in line with national	
	circumstances, and double its share in	
	least developed countries	
	9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade	9.5.2 Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per
	the technological capabilities of	million inhabitants
	industrial sectors in all countries, in	
	particular developing countries,	
	including, by 2030, encouraging	
	innovation and substantially increasing	
	the number of research and	
	development workers per 1 million	
	people and public and private research	
	and development spending	
	10.2 By 2030, empower and promote	10.2.1 Proportion of people living below 50 per
	the social, economic and political	cent of median income, by sex, age and persons
	inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex,	with disabilities

Goal		Gender-related indicators
10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES	disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	
	10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	10.3.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed within the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law ^{**}
11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES	11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums 11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	 11.1.1 Proportion of urban population living in slums, informal settlements or inadequate housing 11.2.1 Proportion of population that has convenient access to public transport, by sex, age and persons with disabilities
	11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations	11.5.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population*
	11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	 11.7.1 Average share of the built-up area of cities that is open space for public use for all, by sex, age and persons with disabilities 11.7.2 Proportion of persons victim of physical or sexual harassment, by sex, age, disability status and place of occurrence, in the previous 12 months
12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature	12.8.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment ^{***}
13 CLIMATE	 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries 13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning 	 13.1.1 Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population* 13.3.1 Extent to which (i) global citizenship education and (ii) education for sustainable development are mainstreamed in (a) national education policies, (b) curricula, (c) teacher education and (d) student assessment*** 16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide
		per 100,000 population, by sex and age

Goal		Gender-related indicators
	16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of	16.1.2 Conflict-related deaths per 100,000
16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG	violence and related death rates	population, by sex, age and cause
INSTITUTIONS	everywhere	16.1.3 Proportion of population subjected to (a)
		physical violence, (b) psychological violence and
		(c) sexual violence in the previous 12 months
=		16.1.4 Proportion of population that feel safe
		walking alone around the areathey live after dark
	16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking	16.2.1 Proportion of children aged 1–17 years
	and all forms of violence against and	who experienced any physical punishment and/or
	torture of children	psychological aggression by caregivers in the past
		month
		16.2.2 Number of victims of human trafficking per
		100,000 population, by sex, age and form of
		exploitation
		16.2.3 Proportion of young women and men aged
		18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by
		age 18
	16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and	16.3.1 Proportion of victims of violence in the
		previous 12 months who reported their victimization to competent authorities or other
	ensure equal access to justice for all	officially recognized conflict resolution
		mechanisms
		16.3.2 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of
		overall prison population
		16.3.3 Proportion of the population who have
		experienced a dispute in the past two years and
		who accessed a formal or informal dispute
		resolution mechanism, by type of mechanism
	16.5 Substantially reduce corruption	16.5.1 Proportion of persons who had at least one
	and bribery in all their forms	contact with a public official and who paid a bribe
		to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by
		those public officials, during the previous 12
		months
	16.6 Develop effective, accountable and	16.6.2 Proportion of population satisfied with
	transparent institutions at all levels	their last experience of public services
	16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive,	16.7.1 Proportions of positions in national and
	participatory and representative	local institutions, including (a) the legislatures, (b)
	decision-making at all levels	the public service and (c) the judiciary, compared
		to national distributions, by sex, age, persons with
		disabilities and population groups
		16.7.2 Proportion of population who believe
		decision-making is inclusive and responsive, by sex, age, disability and population group
	16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for	16.9.1 Proportion of children under 5 years of age
	all, including birth registration	whose births have been registered with a civil
		authority, by age
	16.10 Ensure public access to	16.10.2 Number of countries that adopt and
	information and protect fundamental	implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy
	freedoms, in accordance with national	guarantees for public access to information
	legislation and international agreements	Sugrances for public access to information
L	registation and international agreements	

Goal	Gender-related indicators	
	16.b Promote and enforce non- discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	16.b.1 Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law ^{**}
17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology	17.8.1 Proportion of individuals using the Internet
	17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity- building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographical location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	17.18.3 Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding
	17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration
Repeated indicate		

Repeated indicators * 1.5.1, 11.5.1 and 13.1.1 ** 10.3.1 and 16.b.1 *** 4.7.1, 12.8.1 and 13.3.1